Table 1

Indications for screening for coeliac disease[1]

Coeliac screening recommended	Coeliac screening should be considered
● Persistent unexplained abdominal or gastrointestinal symptoms ● Faltering growth ● Prolonged fatigue ● Unexpected weight loss ● Severe or persistent mouth ulcers ● Unexplained iron, vitamin B12 or folate deficiency ● Type 1 diabetes ● Autoimmune thyroid disease ● Irritable bowel syndrome ● First-degree relatives of people with coeliac disease	● Metabolic bone disorders (reduced bone mineral density or osteomalacia) ● Unexplained neurological symptoms (particularly peripheral neuropathy or ataxia) ● Unexplained subfertility or recurrent miscarriage ● Persistently raised liver enzymes with unknown cause ● Dental enamel defects ● Down's syndrome ● Turner's syndrome