**Table 1**

**Classification of miscarriage based on clinical or ultrasound findings**[26]

| Type of miscarriage | Clinical presentation | Ultrasound appearance |
|---|---|---|
| **Threatened** | Vaginal bleeding ± pain<br>Closed cervical os | Viable pregnancy |
| **Missed** | Asymptomatic, loss of pregnancy symptoms or minimal bleeding/pain<br>Closed cervical os | A non-viable pregnancy (see table 2 below for criteria) |
| **Incomplete** | Persistent vaginal bleeding ± pain<br>Open cervical os<br>POC partially expelled/removed | Evidence of remaining POC within the uterus |
| **Inevitable** | Vaginal bleeding ± pain<br>Open cervical os<br>POC have not yet passed | Pregnancy tissue low in the uterine cavity or cervical canal but has not yet passed |
| **Complete** | Vaginal bleeding settling or stopped<br>Closed cervical os<br>POC have passed | No evidence of remaining POC in a previously confirmed intrauterine pregnancy |
| **Septic** | Infected POC causing pyrexia, pain, or an offensive discharge | |
| **Recurrent** | History of 3 or more consecutive miscarriages (as per RCOG guideline)[12] | |

POC = products of conception
Cervical os refers to the internal cervical os