

## Table 1

### **Criteria for nephrology referral for asymptomatic haematuria and eGFR >60 ml/min**

Refer patients with persistent haematuria (after excluding transient causes e.g. UTI and after negative urological investigation) and eGFR >60 ml/min if one or more of the following are present:

- urine albumin:creatinine ratio >30 mg/mmol (urine protein:creatinine ratio >45 mg/mmol)
- hypertension
- visible haematuria coinciding with intercurrent infection (usually upper respiratory tract)
- positive family history of haematuria or renal disease
- confirmed declining eGFR (>4 ml/min in past 12 months, or >10 ml/min any time in past 5 years)<sup>7</sup>